

Method Statement for var oss /ioss Dataset



Last Updated: October 2024 Statistics & Economic Research Branch



1. Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide information on the commitment to quality activities and procedures Revenue has put in place in respect of the production of Revenue Statistics to comply with the Irish Statistical System Code of Practice (ISSCOP).¹

This dataset provides VAT OSS /IOSS receipts/retention fee by country and quarter.

Background

On 1 January 2015 new EU VAT rules came into effect changing the place where VAT is chargeable in respect of all supplies of telecommunications, broadcasting and electronic (TBE) services to consumers. VAT on these services is now chargeable where the consumer is located instead of where the supplier is located.

As a result of the change, EU and non-EU businesses are required to register and account for VAT in every Member State in which they supply TBE services to consumers or, alternatively, to avail of the optional special scheme known as the Mini One Stop Shop (MOSS). MOSS is a simplification scheme that allows a business engaged in TBE supplies to register in a single Member State (the Member State of Identification MSID), to file a single quarterly return and pay its VAT liability for all Member States through a web portal in its chosen MSID. This enables suppliers to avoid having to register and account for VAT in all the Member States to which they make TBE supplies. On 1 July 2021 the VAT MOSS scheme was renamed VAT OSS and broadened to include goods as well as TBE services.

As with MOSS, there are two schemes within OSS: Union and non-Union OSS:

- The Union scheme is for taxable persons that have an establishment within the European Union (EU) but are making supplies to Member States in which they are not established. Low value goods (i.e., those with an intrinsic value of less than €150 which are exempt from customs duty) as well as TBE services are included in this scheme.
- The non-Union scheme is for taxable persons that have no establishment within the EU. This scheme applies to TBE services.

The Import One Stop Shop scheme (IOSS) took effect from 1 July 2021. This is a simplification of the rules on importation of low value goods (i.e., those with an intrinsic value of less than \leq 150 which are exempt from customs duty).

As with the OSS scheme for Telecommunications, Broadcasting and Electronic (TBE) services, traders based in the EU may register in one member state for the declaration and payment of EU VAT (Union Scheme). Traders based outside of the EU - in third countries - may register in a member state of their choice either via a fixed establishment or an intermediary in that member state and declare and pay VAT there under the IOSS.

¹ For more information see <u>http://www.isscop.ie/</u>

2. General Information

Dataset Name:	OSS/IOSS
Keywords:	MOSS, IOSS, OSS, Retention, Ireland, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Germany, Denmark, Estonia, Greece, Spain, Finland. France, United Kingdom, Croatia, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Latvia, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Sweden, Slovenia, Slovakia, Union, Non-Union, Import Year
Update	Quarterly
Frequency:	
Licence:	СС-Ву
Formats:	.csv, .pdf
Hyperlinks:	https://www.revenue.ie/en/corporate/information-about- revenue/statistics/vat/moss/index.aspx
Business Owner:	Donnchadh O'Donovan/Sinéad Leyden
<i>Contact Information:</i>	statistics@revenue.ie
Reference Years	2015-2024
Anonymisation or aggregation required:	No, Macro-data
Geographical Scope:	European Union

3. Production

Coding:	Grouped by country and quarter
Data Source:	VAT OSS/IOSS return data
Imputation:	Not applicable
Breakdown:	The Data are broken down by Country, Retention fee and Quarter from Q2
	2015 onwards.
Computation:	None

4. Quality

Relevance:	Data are used to:
	 Inform the Tax Strategy Group and the Department of Finance on budgetary decisions
	 Provide answers to Parliamentary Questions (PQs) and Freedom of Information (FOI) requests.
	Inform policymakers and internal stakeholders and
	 Fulfil requests for data from academics, students, journalists and members of the public.
Accuracy & Reliability:	Data are compared with the previous year's data.
	Source data are input into Revenue's systems by the Collector General's area and the statistical outputs are assessed and validated are signed off by the Accountant General's area.
<i>Timeliness & Punctuality:</i>	An advance release schedule is provided for all datasets with anticipated publication deadline.
	Divergence from the notified schedule is publicised in advance, along with a new release date.
	See the list of Supporting Documentation below for a link to the current
	Revenue Statistics Publication Calendar.
<i>Coherence and Comparability:</i>	The dataset provides figures for VAT MOSS receipts and retention fees by
	quarter. Data are compared with previous quarters' data. Where there is a deviation notes are provided. Provisional data are also identified.
Accessibility and Clarity:	Published electronically on Revenue's Website & Open Data portal
	This dataset is consistent with the Open Data Technical Framework:
	 with metadata, methodological and quality information
	• to Open Data 3-star Format (i.e., machine readable) and
	searchable through keywords.

5. Supporting Documentation

Revenue Statistics - Quality Statement

Revenue Statistics - Publication and Dissemination Policy

Revenue Statistics - Publication Calendar

Revenue Statistics - Statistical Disclosure Control

Open Data Technical Framework

Irish Statistical System Code of Practice