

PART 3: T.I.R. Customs Operational Guide

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Introduction

Ireland, together with the other Member States of the European Union acceded to the Customs Convention on the International Transport of Goods under cover of TIR Carnet (TIR Convention) 1975. The Convention entered into force in Ireland on 20 June 1983 and replaced the older 1959 TIR Convention. Given Ireland's geographical location means that TIR procedure is not a frequently used procedure especially for export movements.

1. Outline of the TIR system

The purpose of the TIR system is to facilitate to the greatest possible extent the movement of goods in international trade while effectively protecting the revenue of each State through which such goods are carried.

The TIR system contains five basic requirements:

Goods should travel in secure vehicles or containers;

Duties and taxes at risk throughout the journey must be covered by an internationally valid guarantee;

Goods should be accompanied by a TIR Carnet initiated in the country of departure, which serves as a customs declaration/control document in the countries of departure, transit and destination;

Customs control measures taken in the country of departure should be accepted by Customs in the countries of transit and destination; and

A controlled access to the TIR procedure for national associations to issue TIR Carnets and for natural and legal persons to utilise TIR Carnets.

The TIR system provides for the movement of goods, under Customs seal, in approved road vehicles or containers, across one or more frontiers. It is a condition of the system that some portion of the journey between the beginning and end of the TIR operation is made by road. Where a road vehicle is used, TIR plates must be displayed on the vehicle during the TIR operation. Where a container is used it must have a TIR approval plate permanently affixed.

The goods are listed in a TIR Carnet consisting of a series of vouchers and counterfoils (volets and souches), which will be used at the different stages of a TIR operation ([Appendix 23](#)). The potential duties and taxes on the goods are guaranteed by the guaranteeing associations of the countries involved in the TIR operation. Each national guaranteeing association is affiliated to an international organisation i.e. the International Road Transport Union (IRU) Geneva, Switzerland.

Since the 1 July 2016 the 6 and 14 volet TIR carnets with a new lay out came into circulation, but the 4, 6, 14 or 20, Vouchers and Counterfoils, (Volets and Souches) can still be used while stocks last.

Each country must approve Customs Offices for TIR purposes. A TIR operation may involve several customs offices of departure and destination but, unless specifically authorised to the contrary

- (a) the Customs offices of departure should be situated in only one country;
- (b) the Customs offices of destination should be situated in not more than two countries;
- (c) the total number of Customs offices of departure and destination should not exceed four.

2. Movement of Goods within the Union

The carriage of goods, which is to begin and end within the Union, may not normally be moved under the TIR system; TIR should only be used if the movement of the goods involves a Third Country i.e. in addition to the Union. Having regard to Ireland's geographical position it is unlikely that any significant use of the TIR system for through traffic will arise – commencement/termination of TIR operations in Ireland in respect of goods destined for/arriving from third countries is more likely.

Within the customs territory of the Union the TIR carnet holder must submit the TIR carnet data into NCTS for control purposes for the TIR operation at the customs office(s) of departure or entry.

The TIR system may be used in the case of split consignments i.e. where one part is destined for a Member State and the other is destined for a third country. Where the goods are in free circulation, a status document may be issued for the goods carried under the TIR system for delivery in another Member State but not for the goods, which are destined for third countries.

3. Issuing Authority for TIR carnets

In Ireland, the Irish Road Haulage Association, (IRHA) Suite 6, Gowna Plaza, Bracetown Business park, Clonee, Co. Meath, D15VY77. (Phone No. 01-8013380; Fax No. 01 8253080) are approved by Revenue as the national issuing and guaranteeing association for TIR carnets in Ireland. However, the IRHA do not currently issue TIR Carnets to operators in Ireland due mainly to high administrative costs relative to the low number of TIR movements initiated but in any event any inquiries as to the issue of TIR carnets should be referred to that body. The current maximum liability of the guaranteeing association in respect of any one TIR Carnet is €100,000 from 1 July 2018. In any case where the potential customs charges exceed this amount, an additional guarantee (in the form of cash deposit, bond etc.) must be provided.

4. Period of validity of TIR Carnet

The guaranteeing association will specify a final date of validity after which the TIR carnet may not be accepted at the Customs Office of Departure. The TIR carnet will remain valid until the termination of the TIR operation at the Customs Office of Destination if it has been accepted by that Office on or before the final date of validity.

5. Use of Approved Road Vehicles and Containers

Except in the case of heavy or bulky goods, a transport operation under the TIR system may only be carried out in a road vehicle or container, which has been approved and is suitable for sealing in accordance with the terms of the TIR Convention. Approved road vehicles (which include any trailer or semi-trailer) are issued with an individual certificate of approval of the type shown in [Appendix 24](#) and must display TIR plates [Appendix 25](#) when carrying goods under the TIR regime. A missing or non-valid certificate of approval means that no TIR operation can be started. In the case of containers, a certificate covering several containers, which have been manufactured to a specific design, will be issued and each container will have an approval plate, of the type shown in [Appendix 26](#) permanently affixed.

6. Non-compliance of Containers with Terms of Approval

Where the load compartment of a road vehicle or container no longer meets the terms of the approval (e.g. due to accidental damage) the customs authorities have the right to refuse to recognise the validity of the approval. Where, however, defects are of minor importance and do not involve any risk of smuggling or fraud, no objection need be raised to the use of the vehicle or container for TIR operations. Insofar as road vehicles are concerned, any minor defect can be noted on the certificate of approval or can be supplemented with a code system indicating the place and type of any defect with a view to rectification by the operator.

A container will be considered to have a serious defect and not be following the standards by which it was approved if:

- goods can be removed from or introduced into the sealed part of the container without leaving obvious traces of tampering or without breaking the Customs seal;
- Customs seals cannot be simply and effectively affixed to the container;
- it contains concealed spaces where goods may be hidden;
- spaces capable of holding goods are not readily accessible for Customs inspection.

7. Withdrawal of Approval

Where a container has a serious defect and consequently no longer complies with the standards under which it was approved under the TIR Convention, the approval may be withdrawn. The Officer should notify the party responsible for the container and afford him/her the opportunity to restore the container to the condition, which had justified its approval, if this can be done conveniently. After the appropriate repairs to the container, it may continue its journey under the TIR regime.

If the container is not properly repaired or if the party concerned prefers to have it repaired in another country where the approval of the container was given, the Officer should either:

- (a) refuse the use of the container for the TIR regime and have the goods transferred to another means of transport, or
- (b) allow the container and goods to go forward under another appropriate customs procedure if this does not involve any risk of smuggling, fraud or loss or damage to the goods, the defect in the container being annotated on the customs documents.

The Officer should have the approval plate removed if she or he considers it necessary.

When the Officer causes the approval plate to be removed or when a serious defect is discovered in a series of containers which renders them no longer in compliance with the standards under which they were approved for transport of goods under the TIR System, the facts are to be reported together with any enquiries as to the procedure for obtaining approval for vehicles or containers to the Customs Division, Central Transit Office, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary.

email: centraltransitofficenenagh@revenue.ie

8. Heavy or Bulky Goods

Heavy or bulky goods (i.e. any heavy or bulky object which because of its weight, size or nature is not normally carried in a closed road vehicle or closed container) may, at the discretion of the customs authorities at the customs office of departure, be carried by means of a non-sealed vehicle or container. This provision only applies, however, where the goods carried (and any accessories carried with them) can be easily identified by reference to the description or by the affixing of seals or other identifying marks.

9. Anti-Fraud measures for the TIR system

9.1 Anti-Fraud Measures

As part of the continuing efforts to safeguard and ensure the security and efficient functioning of the TIR system certain anti-fraud measures have been introduced.

9.1.1 The Anti-Fraud Transit Information Systems (ATIS)

The transmission of information between Administrations within the Union and between those and the Commissions Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) is carried out under an Administrative Arrangement regarding transit message data being sent automatically to the Anti-Fraud Transit Information Systems (ATIS). The ATIS is used to receive advance notification of consignments of all TIR transit goods, which are to be moved/moving within the Union under the New Computerised Transit System (NCTS)/TIR regime. There is no distinction for “sensitive goods” since the 1 May 2016 and information will relate to all data for goods lodged by a transit declaration in the NCTS.

When a TIR movement enters the Union, its data is lodged into the NCTS at point of entry/office of departure and is arrived in the NCTS at the office of destination as provided for by the Mutual Assistance Regulation No. 515/97 as amended.

In addition to NCTS/ATIS the following additional measures were introduced as part of the continuing efforts to safeguard and ensure the security and efficient functioning of the TIR system in respect of goods where the Business Continuity Procedure (BCP) (paper-based controls) is used in the event of the electronic systems failure at time of lodging a declaration:

- Inward and Outward TIR Registers (Appendices [28](#) and [29](#)).
- Rapid Advice regarding all Inward TIR Carnets to be provided to the International Road Transport Union (IRU) using SafeTIR system.

The action to be taken in relation to these goods by the Offices of Departure, Destination and Central Transit Office are detailed in paras. 10, 12, 14 and 15 below.

10. Customs Office of departure

10.1 General

At the Customs Office of Departure, the goods and vehicle or container, together with the TIR Carnet, must be presented to Customs during official opening hours. The TIR carnet holder is required to submit the TIR carnet data for the TIR operation to the NCTS. The NCTS is used only for TIR operations within the Union (not in common transit countries). Customs at departure are obliged to continue to fill in the TIR carnet in conformity with the TIR Convention.

10.2 Action by Customs

The following action is to be taken:

- (a) identify the vehicle or container and verify that (except in the case of heavy or bulky goods – see paragraph 38) it is approved for TIR purposes.
- (b) in the case of a road vehicle, check that TIR plates are displayed front and rear; in the case of a container that the TIR approval plate is affixed.
- (c) verify that the TIR carnet has been fully and properly completed and that it is valid for acceptance by the Customs Office of Departure.
- (d) compare the goods manifest with the export documents and with the transport or other commercial documents relating to the goods, which must be produced at the same time as the carnet.
- (e) carry out an examination of the goods.
- (f) if satisfied, seal the vehicle or container (or in the case of heavy or bulky goods apply seals or identifying marks as appropriate).
- (g) record details of the TIR carnet in the Outward TIR Register.
- (h) complete Vouchers No. 1 and 2 as follows:
 - in the box titled “For official Use” insert the following.

“The Central Transit Office, Office of the Revenue Commissioners, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary.” Email: centraltransitofficenenagh@revenue.ie
 - in Box 16 insert details of seal(s) affixed
 - in Box 17 insert the signature of the customs official and an imprint of the office date stamp
 - in Box 18 insert Customs office of departure or of entry en route
 - in Box 19 insert details of seals affixed
 - in Box 20 insert time limit for completion of journey – normally 8 days
 - in Box 21 insert the name of the Office of Departure
 - in Box 21/1 insert the Local Number of the TIR operation as per the Outward TIR Register

- in Box 22 insert the name of the Office of Destination and details of the route to be followed (if known)
 - in Box 23 insert the signature of the customs official and an imprint of the office date stamp;
- (i) complete Counterfoil No. 1 as follows:
- in Box No.1 insert the name of the Office of Departure
 - in Box No.2 insert local number of TIR operation as per the Outward TIR register
 - in Box No.3 insert details of seal(s) affixed
 - Box No. 4 (Leave Blank)
 - in Box No. 5 insert the name of the Office of Destination and details of the route to be following (if known)
 - in Box No. 6 insert the signature of the customs official and an imprint of the office date stamp.
- (j) detach Voucher No. 1 and send it to the Central Transit Office, accompanied by a photocopy of the appropriate page of the Outward TIR Register.
- (k) return the TIR Carnet to the driver/carrier to include the MRN of the TIR operation and ensure that the particulars of the TIR movement are transmitted via NCTS to the declared customs office of destination in the Union.

11. Customs Office En Route

11.1 General

The Customs Office en route will be either:

- the place of importation from a third country to the Union from where the goods are to be moved onwards through the Union under a TIR Carnet; or
- the place of exportation of goods from the Union to a third country to where the goods have moved through the Union under a TIR Carnet.

Where goods, under cover of a valid TIR Carnet are being transported through this country to or from another Member State and are travelling onwards through the Union, normally no checks or examination except the checking of whether seals are intact, are required to be done by Irish Customs. Where any checks or examination are carried out, details must be recorded on the vouchers and counterfoils in the Carnet.

However, this does not preclude Customs from carrying out checks that are in force in regard to other measures e.g. prohibitions or restrictions in the case of arms, ammunition, drugs etc.

12. Customs Office of destination

12.1 General

At the Customs Office of Destination, the goods, the road vehicle or container, the TIR Carnet, the MRN of the TIR operation and any other information required by customs must be presented to Customs during official opening hours.

12.2 Action by Customs

The following action is to be taken

- (a) identify the vehicle and /or container and verify that the customs seals (and /or identifying marks in the case of heavy or bulky goods) are intact;
- (b) break the seals and examine the contents of the vehicle or container (concurrently with any other necessary revenue examination) against the TIR carnet manifest;
- (c) before ending the TIR operation, make sure that the goods are controlled under another Customs regime e.g. Transit Shed, Customs Compound, free circulation etc;
- (d) record details of the TIR Carnet in the Inward TIR Register;
- (e) complete Voucher No.2 as follows:
 - in Box NO. 24 insert the word "Customs office of exit en route or of destination"
 - in Box No.25 insert a tick if the seals are intact
 - in Box No. 26 insert the number of packages for which the termination of the TIR operation is certified
 - in Box No. 27 insert remarks (if any)
 - in Box 28 insert the signature of the customs official and an imprint of the office date stamp
- (f) complete Counterfoil No.2 as follows:
 - in Box No. 1 insert the name of the Office of Destination
 - in Box No. 2 insert a tick if the seals are intact
 - in Box No. 3 insert the number of packages discharged
 - in Box No. 4 (Leave Blank)
 - In Box No. 5 insert remarks (if any)
 - In Box No. 6 insert the signature of the customs official and an imprint of the office date stamp.

The customs office of destination will send the arrival advice message to the customs office of departure using the NCTS on the arrival of the goods at the time of presentation and will send the control results message to that office at the latest on the third day following their presentation at destination using NCTS. The discharge of the TIR operation within the customs territory of the Union between the customs office of departure and the customs office of destination is accelerated by replacing the return of the appropriate part of Voucher No. 2 with sending the "arrival advice" (IE006) & "Control results" (IE018) messages.

However, when it is not possible to use NCTS then the appropriate and completed part of Voucher No. 2 is to be returned to the Central Transit Office, Customs Division, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary together with a copy of the relevant page of the Inward TIR Register.

12.3 Discrepancies

In any instance where the check on the contents of the vehicle or container at the Customs office of destination gives rise to discrepancies then

- The TIR carnet is to be retained pending resolution of the issue
- the consignment may only be allowed to proceed further if it is placed under another Customs Procedure (e.g. Union Transit)

Where seals are broken en route due to accident or if goods are damaged or destroyed without breaking of seals, the Certified Report included in the carnet should be completed. The customs office of destination will send the "control results" message in NCTS with the code B and remark "waiting for resolution" to the customs office of departure. When the discrepancy has been resolved then the goods can be released at destination and the TIR operation can be discharged at departure.

13. Change of Office of Destination or Exit

The Office of Destination/Exit may be changed only by the Customs Authorities of the Country in which the consignment is located and with the agreement of the Office of Departure/Entry. The application to change the Office of Destination/Exit must be made by the holder of the TIR Carnet. If the application is allowed, the customs office, which allows the application, should inform the previously intended Office of Destination/Exit and record the relevant details on the TIR Carnet. Where an application is allowed by Customs in this country, the appropriate notification should be sent by fax to the previously intended Office of Destination/Exit.

Requests received by the Office of Departure/Entry from Customs in another country for agreement to a change of the Office of Destination/ Exit should be allowed only in the absence of suspicion and if satisfied as to the bona fides of the circumstances.

Where a TIR Carnet, goods and MRN are presented at an Office of Destination/Exit other than the one indicated in the TIR Carnet, the actual Office of Destination/Exit (i.e. the Office of Destination/Exit where the documents, goods and MRN are presented) must notify the customs office of departure using relevant NCTS messages in order to allow for sending the "arrival advice" message and to continue with further actions to end and discharge the TIR operation.

14. Action at the Central Transit Office

14.1 Outward TIR

Where the customs authorities accept a TIR carnet without exchange of TIR carnet data for the TIR operation in the event of a temporary failure of NCTS then the Central Transit Office (CTO) will receive Voucher(s) No.1 from the customs office(s) of departure for outward TIR carnets and will receive Voucher (s) No. 2 from the customs office(s) of destination abroad (at most within 8 days of the date when the TIR operation was terminated) where a suitable record will be maintained.

On receipt of Voucher(s) No.2 they are to be associated with the relevant Voucher(s) No 1 and, if in order, filed away.

If Voucher No. 2 is not received within 8 days of the date of acceptance of the TIR Carnet, the CTO will inform the guaranteeing association concerned and the TIR carnet holder and invite both to furnish proof that the TIR operation has terminated.

The Enquiry procedure will be initiated by the CTO if

- a) they have not received proof within 3 months of the date of acceptance of the TIR carnet that the TIR operation has been terminated or
- b) if it transpires that proof of the termination of the TIR operation was falsified.

Special attention is to be paid to the prescribed time limits for notification and claims about undischarged outward TIR Carnets.

14.2 Inward TIR

On receipt of the TIR documents from Offices of Destination (in Ireland), the Central Transit Office should compile the following information in respect of each TIR Carnet and forward it electronically through the SafeTIR system, immediately to International Road Transport Union (IRU), Geneva. The information to be sent is as follows:

- (a) TIR Carnet reference number; and page Number of Voucher No. 2;
- (b) Date and record number in the Customs register;
- (c) Name or number of customs office of destination;
- (d) Date and reference number of the discharge (if different from (b));
- (e) Partial or total final unloading;
- (f) Discharge with or without reservation;
- (g) Other relevant information (optional).

A suitable record of the procedures carried out is to be maintained.

The Vouchers No. 2 are then to be forwarded by post to the Customs Office of Departure indicated in Box titled "For Official Use" and a suitable record of the procedures carried out is to be maintained.

15. Action at the Central Transit Office to deal with TIR irregularities:

15.1 Outward TIR

The Central Transit Office will transmit the details of irregularities received from the Office of Departure/Entry to:

- the Central Investigation Services of the country of destination who will inform the Office of Destination/Exit concerned;
- the Central Investigation Services of the countries of transit (if any);
- the Central Investigation Services of the country of registration of the means of transport if it is a Member State;
- the European Commission Anti-Fraud office (OLAF).

15.2 Inward TIR

On receipt of an irregularity notification from an Office of Departure/Entry or from the Central Investigation Services of another country, the details are to be communicated by the Central Transit Office without delay to the relevant Office of Destination/Exit (in the State).

On receipt of information from an Office of Destination/Exit (in the State) regarding a discrepancy/irregularity or non-arrival of a consignment, the Central Transit Office should inform:

- (i) The European Commission Anti-Fraud office (OLAF) where appropriate.

They will also make/carry out any necessary investigations.

On receipt of a message, from an Office of Destination **other than** the one indicated in the TIR Carnet, the Central Transit Office should forward relevant particulars via Antifraud Transit Information System (ATIS) to:

- (i) the European Commission OLAF where appropriate

16. Miscellaneous

16.1 Importation of TIR carnet forms

In accordance with Article 7 of the 1975 TIR Convention, TIR carnet forms consigned to the Irish Road Haulage Association (IRHA) are not liable to import or export duties and taxes and are free of import or export prohibitions and restrictions.

Appendix 23

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Ann
page

(Name of International Organization)

CARNET TIR*

.....vouchers No

1. Valable pour prise en charge par le bureau de douane de départ jusqu'au _____ inclus
Valid for the acceptance of goods by the Customs office of departure upto and including

2. Délivré par _____
Issued by

(nom de l'association émettrice / name of issuing association)

3. Titulaire _____
Holder

(nom, adresse, pays / name, address, country)

4. Signature du délégué de l'association émettrice et cachet de cette association:
Signature of authorized official of the issuing association and's stamp of that association:

5. Signature du secrétaire de l'organisation internationale:
Signature of the secretary of the international organization:

(A remplir avant utilisation par le titulaire du carnet / To be completed before use by the holder of the carnet)

6. Pays de départ _____
Country/Countries of departure ⁽¹⁾

7. Pays de destination _____
Country/Countries of destination ⁽¹⁾

8. No(s) d'immatriculation du (des) véhicule(s) routier(s) ⁽¹⁾
Registration No(s), of road vehicle(s) ⁽¹⁾

9. Certificat(s) d'agrément du (des) véhicule(s) routier(s) (No et date) ⁽¹⁾
Certificate(s) of approval of road vehicle(s) (No. and date) ⁽¹⁾

10. No(s) d'identification du (des) conteneur(s) ⁽¹⁾
Identification No(s), of container(s) ⁽¹⁾

11. Observations diverses _____
Remarks

12. Signature du titulaire du carnet:
Signature of the carnet holder:

⁽¹⁾ Biffer la mention inutile
Strike out whichever does not apply

* Voir annexe 1 de la Convention TIR, 1975, élaborée sous les auspices de la Commission économique des Nations Unies pour l'Europe.
* See annex 1 of the TIR Convention, 1975, prepared under the auspices of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe.

Appendix 23(i)

VOUCHER N° 1 PAGE 1		1. TIR CARNET No	
2. Customs office(s) of departure 1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____		3. Name of the international organization _____	
For official use		4. Holder of the carnet (name, address and country)	
		5. Country/Countries of departure	6. Country/Countries of destination
7. Registration No(s) of road vehicle(s)		8. Documents attached to the manifest	
GOODS MANIFEST			
9. (a) Load compartment(s) or container(s) (b) Marks and Nos. of packages or articles	10. Number and type of packages or articles; description of goods	11. Gross weight in kg	16. Seal or identification marks applied, (number, identification)
12. Total number of packages entered on the manifest Destination: 1. Customs office _____ 2. Customs office _____ 3. Customs office _____		13. I declare the information in items 1-12 above to be correct and complete 14. Place and date _____ 15. Signature of holder or agent _____	17. Customs office of departure. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
18. Certificate for goods taken under control (Customs office of departure or of entry en route)			
<input type="checkbox"/> 19. Seals or identification marks found to be intact	20. Time-limit for transit		
21. Registered by the Customs office at _____	under No. _____		
22. Miscellaneous (Itinerary stipulated, Customs office at which the load must be produced, etc.)			
23. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
COUNTERFOIL N° 1 PAGE 1		of TIR CARNET No	
1. Accepted by the Customs office at _____ 2. Under No. _____ 3. Seals or identification marks applied _____ 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Seals or identification marks found to be intact 5. Miscellaneous (route prescribed, Customs office at which the load must be produced, etc.) _____		6. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	

Appendix 23 (ii)

VOUCHER N° 2 PAGE 2		1. TIR CARNET No	
2. Customs office(s) of departure 1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____		3. Name of the international organization	
For official use		4. Holder of the carnet (name, address and country)	
		5. Country/Countries of departure	6. Country/Countries of destination
7. Registration No(s) of road vehicle(s)		8. Documents attached to the manifest	
GOODS MANIFEST			
9. (a) Load compartment(s) or container(s) (b) Marks and Nos. of packages or articles	10. Number and type of packages or articles, description of goods	11. Gross weight in kg	16. Seals or identification marks applied, (number, identification)
12. Total number of packages entered on the manifest Destination: 1. Customs office 2. Customs office 3. Customs office		Number	13. I declare the information in items 1-12 above to be correct and complete 14. Place and date 15. Signature of holder or agent
		17. Customs office of departure. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp	
18. Certificate for goods taken under control (Customs office of departure or of entry en route)		24. Certificate of termination of the TIR operation (Customs office of exit en route or of destination)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 19. Seals or identification marks found to be intact	20. Time-limit for transit	<input type="checkbox"/> 25. Seals or identification marks found to be intact	
21. Registered by the Customs office at _____ under No. _____	26. Number of packages for which the termination of the TIR operation is certified		
22. Miscellaneous (itinerary stipulated, Customs office at which the load must be produced, etc.)	27. Reservations		
23. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp	28. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp		

COUNTERFOIL N° 2 PAGE 2 **of TIR CARNET** No

1. Arrival certified by the Customs office at _____	6. Customs officer's signature and Customs office date stamp
2. <input type="checkbox"/> Seals or identification marks found to be intact	
3. Number of packages for which the termination of the TIR operation is certified (as specified in the manifest) _____	
4. New seals affixed _____	
5. Reservations _____	

Appendix 23 (iii)

Certified report			
Drawn up in accordance with article 25 of the TIR Convention (See also Rules 13 to 17 regarding the use of the TIR carnet)			
1. Customs office(s) of departure		2. TIR CARNET No	
		3. Name of the international organization	
4. Registration No(s) of road vehicle(s) Identification No(s) of container(s)		5. Holder of the carnet	
6. The Customs seal(s) is/are		intact <input type="checkbox"/>	not intact <input type="checkbox"/>
7. The load compartment(s) or container(s) is/are		intact <input type="checkbox"/>	not intact <input type="checkbox"/>
8. Remarks			
9. <input type="checkbox"/> No goods appeared to be missing <input type="checkbox"/> The goods indicated in items 10 to 13 are missing (M) or have been destroyed (D) as indicated in column 12			
10. (a) Load compartment(s) or container(s) (b) Marks and Nos. of packages or articles	11. Number and type of packages or articles; description of goods	12. M or D	13. Remarks (give particulars of quantities missing or destroyed)
14. Date, place and circumstances of the accident			
15. Measures taken to enable the TIR operation to continue			
<input type="checkbox"/> affixing of new seals: number _____ description _____ <input type="checkbox"/> transfer of load (see item 16 below) <input type="checkbox"/> other			
16. If the goods have been transferred: description of road vehicle(s)/container(s) substituted			
(a) vehicle	Registration No. _____	Approved Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	No. of certificate of approval _____ Number and particulars of seals affixed _____ / _____
	Identification No. _____	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
(b) container	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	_____ / _____
	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	_____ / _____
17. Authority which drew up this certified report		18. Endorsement of next Customs office reached by the TIR transport	
Place/Date/Stamp _____ Signature _____		Signature _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Mark the appropriate boxes with a cross			

Appendix 24

Model Certificate of Approval of a Road Vehicle^{*/}

<p style="text-align: center;">APPROVAL CERTIFICATE of a road vehicle for the transport of goods under Customs seal</p> <p>Certificate No</p> <p style="text-align: center;">TIR Convention of 14 November 1975</p> <p>Issued by: (Competent Authority)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">[page 1]</p>

^{*/} {ECE/TRANS/17/Amend.18; entered into force on 1 August 1995}

Appendix 25

TIR PLATES

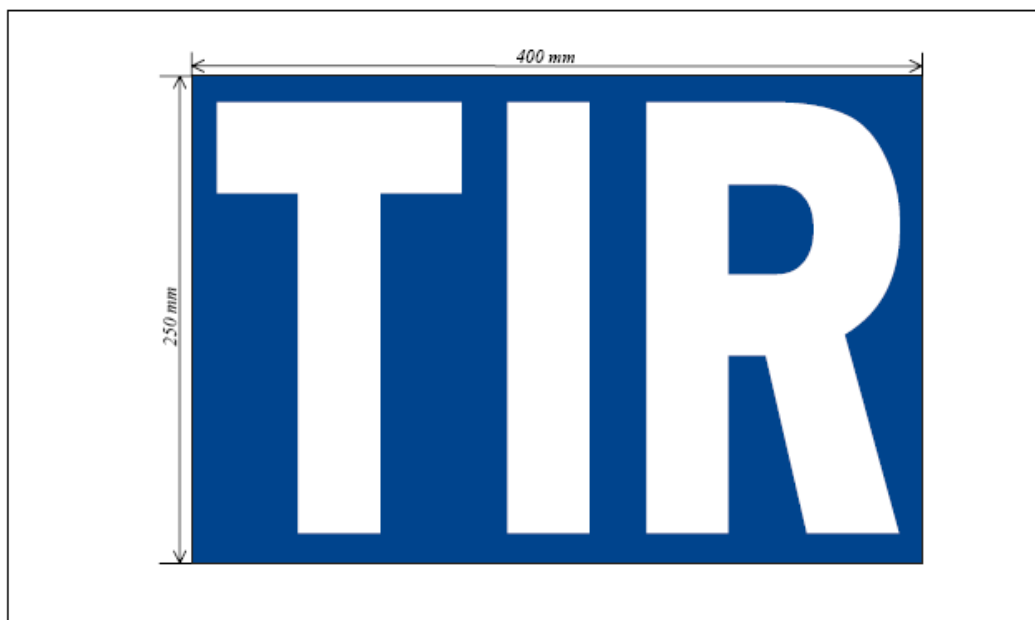
1. The dimensions of the plates shall be 250 mm by 400 mm.
2. The letters TIR in capital Latin characters shall be 200 mm high and their strokes at least 20 mm wide. The letters shall be white on a blue ground.

Comment

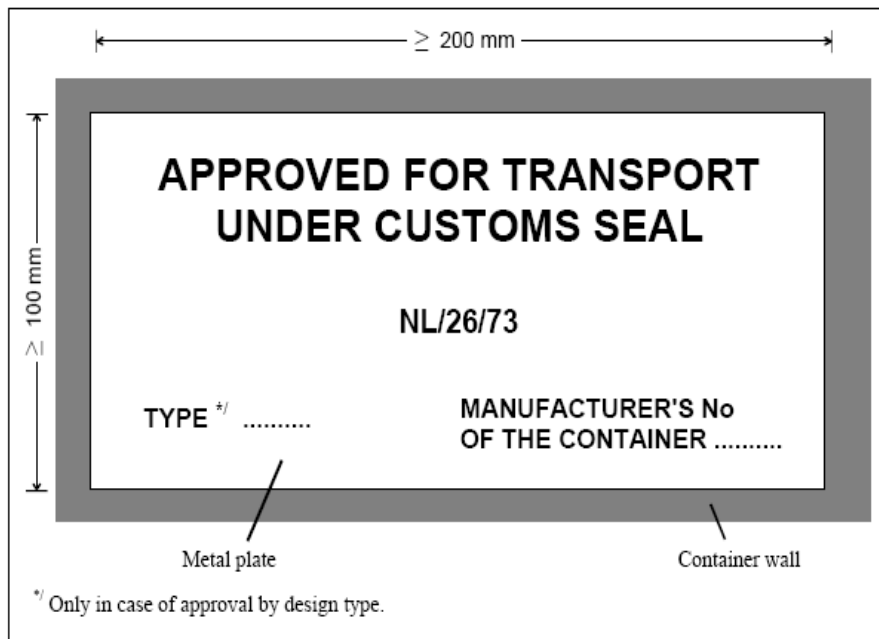
*The model of a TIR plate in conformity with Annex 5 is shown below.
White capital letters on blue ground (RAL 5017)*

(Characters: 200 mm high; stroke width: at least 20 mm)

An electronic file (encapsulated postscript format – EPS) containing the TIR plate in conformity with Annex 5, as shown above, is available on the TIR web site (<http://tir.unece.org>) or can be obtained by contacting the TIR Secretary.



Appendix 26

Approval plate
(English version)

Appendix 28

STATION _____

INWARD TIR REGISTER

(A photocopy of this sheet to be forwarded to Transit Unit. accompanied by relevant Voucher No.2)

Local No.	Date	TIR Carnet No.	Sensitive Goods: Enter Yes or No	Office of Departure	Entry No. & Date	Partial (P) or Total (T) Discharge Enter P or T	Discharge without Reservation Enter Yes or No. If "NO" give reason	Remarks	Date TIR Voucher 2 to CTO	FOR CTO USE ONLY		
										Date faxed to Lastas	Date to OMS	Enquiry Ref. No.

Appendix 29

STATION _____

OUTWARD TIR REGISTER

(A photocopy of this sheet to be forwarded to Transit Unit. accompanied by relevant Voucher No.1)

									FOR CTO USE ONLY	
Local No.	Date	TIR Carnet No.	Sensitive Goods: Enter Yes or No	Office of Destination	Export Entry No. & Date	Holder of TIR Carnet	Remarks	Date TIR Voucher No. to CTO	Date Discharged	Enquiry Ref. No.