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10.1 Introduction

10.1.1 General

Section 131(4) of Finance Act 1992, as amended, provides that a person may not be in possession of an unregistered vehicle unless that person is authorised by the Revenue Commissioners. Any person who wishes to hold unregistered vehicles in the State (e.g. manufacturers, distributors, dealers) must be authorised for this purpose by Revenue. While there are significant benefits to being an "authorised person", there are also a number of statutory and administrative obligations. This manual sets out the process of authorisation, the benefits of being authorised and the obligations involved. (For ease of reading, the phrase "*authorised trader*" is used in this Manual rather than the legal phrase "*authorised person*".)

10.1.2 Legislation

The legislative provisions that apply to this section are:

Primary: Section 136, Finance Act, 1992, as amended

Secondary:

Vehicle Registration and Taxation Regulations, 1992, (S.I. 318/1992), as amended Vehicle Registration and Taxation (Amendment) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. 576 of 2007) (amends Regulation 14 of S.I. 318 in respect of conditions to obtain an authorisation and revocation of an authorisation)

10.2 Authorisation of Traders

10.2.1 General

A trader who wishes to receive and hold unregistered vehicles must be authorised for this purpose by the Revenue Commissioners under Section136, Finance Act, 1992, as amended. Additionally, traders involved in the manufacture, repair, storage, and modification of unregistered vehicles must be authorised for this purpose.

10.2.2 Procedure

A trader who wishes to be authorised to hold unregistered vehicles must apply to their local Revenue Office on form <u>VRT 1 (Rev 2)</u>.

10.2.3 Conditions of Authorisation

There are a number of legal criteria relating to the granting of an authorisation. An authorisation will be granted only to a trader who:

- (a) intends to be actively engaged in a business such as manufacture, repair, storage, and modification of unregistered vehicles for which the authorisation is being sought, at premises occupied by them and at which such business may legally be carried on,
- (b) is registered under section 65 of Chapter 9 Part 1 of Value-Added Tax Consolidation Act 2010, as amended, for the purpose of carrying on a business referred at paragraph (a) above, and
- (c) is, at the time of application for the authorisation, the holder of a current tax clearance certificate issued in accordance with section 1095 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997.

The trader must also provide details of each premises at which it is intended to hold unregistered vehicles, and undertake to comply with the law and regulations relating to all aspects of vehicle

registration and with any other conditions which the Revenue Commissioners may impose in relation to the granting of an authorisation.

10.2.4 Benefits of Authorisation.

An authorised trader may

- Hold unregistered vehicles at specified premises,
- Use the Revenue Online System (ROS) for the registration of vehicles, and
- Avail of a range of payment methods See paragraph 10.2.6.

10.2.5 Penalty for Trading Without an Authorisation

Section 139, Finance Act, 1992, as amended, provides for a number of offences and penalties in relation to VRT (see section 10.6 below for more detail). For example, it is an offence for an unauthorised person to be in possession of an unregistered vehicle in excess of the statutory period allowed for registration (a person who is not authorised must register a vehicle within 30 days of bringing it into the State). Also, it is an offence to take possession of unregistered vehicle/s prior to an authorisation being issued by the Revenue Commissioners and can render the vehicle/s liable to forfeiture. Therefore, unregistered vehicles cannot be received or stored until an authorisation has been granted.

If any person is knowingly concerned in the evasion of VRT they can be guilty of an offence and be liable:

- on summary conviction to a penalty of €5,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months, or both, or
- on conviction on indictment, to a penalty of three times the amount of vehicle registration tax concerned or €126,970, whichever is the greater, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years or to both, and
- to forfeiture of the vehicle.

Any trader who is doubtful about any transaction should consult with their local Revenue office for advice and guidance.

10.2.6 Additional Payment Options for Authorised Traders

An authorised trader must register new, birth cert vehicles through ROS. They may also register used vehicles, previously registered in another jurisdiction, through ROS provided they have availed of the pre-inspection facility operated by the National Car Test Centres (NCTS) on behalf of Revenue. Two methods of payment are available for ROS registered vehicles:

- FACT (Flexible Accounting of Cash Transactions), and
- Deferred payment.

When traders are authorised to hold unregistered vehicles they are issued with a unique Trader Account Number (TAN). Under this TAN, authorised traders are automatically approved for the FACT facility and may apply for a deferred payment facility using the Banks' Direct Debiting Scheme and/or the Banker's Standing Guarantee for Cheques facility.

10.2.7 FACT Accounts

Credit remaining on the trader's FACT account at the end of the day/month is carried forward into the next day/month. Authorised traders are encouraged to top-up their accounts using electronic funds transfer (please refer to 10.2.8 below and to the Appendix for Regional locations).

10.2.8 Deferred Payment

Under this scheme, payment of vehicle registration tax is deferred to a day not later than the 15th day of the month following the month of registration of the vehicle, subject to the limits of the deferred guarantee. In the event that the debit day falls on a non-working day the VRT becomes payable on the previous working day. After the end of each month, the financial section in the AEP Bureau will produce a bank debit tape from the information contained on the registration file to permit collection of the deferred registration tax by the Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) system. An authorised trader wishing to avail of this facility must first arrange a guarantee from a financial institution and then apply for approval by Revenue for the use of this guarantee. Applications for approval must be made to the <u>AEP Bureau</u> at <u>aep@revenue.ie</u>.

The following Automated Entry Processing (AEP) forms may, according to requirements, have to be completed in order to obtain deferred payment facilities for VRT payments:

AEP 1 (Rev 6) AEP 2 (Rev 11) AEP 3 (Rev8) AEP 4 (Rev 4) AEP 5(c)(Rev 5) AEP 6 (Rev7) Application for approval Guarantee for payment of duties and taxes Euro Direct Debiting Mandate Direct Debit Undertaking Standing Authority for Associated Dealers Conditions for FACT/Deferred Payment.

Further details are available on the Customs - AEP payments Methods Leaflet: <u>http://www.revenue.ie/en/customs/leaflets/aep-payment-methods.html</u>

Top-up Deposits

Top-up deposits may be made by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) directly to a Revenue Bank account. To avail of this facility you should contact one of the Revenue Regional offices at the Appendix. When the relevant office is contacted, you will be given details of the Bank Account to which the money should be lodged. When EFT facilities are used, the relevant Revenue Office must be contacted to inform them of the amount of money transferred and your TAN number. Failure to do so may result in a delay in the monies being credited to your account.

Electronic fund transfer is encouraged as the most efficient method to top-up an account. However, where an authorised trader wishes to top-up their account using non-EFT means they should contact their local Revenue office (please see the link to a list of local offices at the Appendix). There is no minimum amount required for this top-up but it must be in whole euros. It should be noted that an unguaranteed cheque may be lodged to top-up to 25% of the value of the guarantee. Top-ups in excess of this amount must be made by bank draft or guaranteed cheque.

10.3 Obligations on Authorised Traders

10.3.1 Stock Movements – Distributors only

On receipt of every consignment of new vehicles, distributors present a declaration to the Revenue Commissioners via the Revenue On-line System (ROS) known as the birth cert, indicating for each vehicle the following particulars:

- 1. Birth Cert Number
 - Colour(s)

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- 3. Chassis/Frame number
- 4. Engine number
- 5. CO_2 emissions g/Km
- 6. Country of origin
- 7. Presence/absence of enhancements/accessories
- 8. Statistical code
- 9. SAD Number, month and year (if applicable)
- 10. Distributor Trader Account Number

When a vehicle is being registered the birth cert reference number must be quoted. The registration of all new vehicles must be completed via ROS.

In addition to the declaration referred to above, distributors are required to send monthly stock statements to the Revenue Commissioners. The statement should include details of all stock movements, conversions etc. carried out by the distributor during the period in question. The statement should also be made electronically, when required.

10.3.2 Stock Movements - Traders only

Authorised traders are required to keep in permanent form (approved by the Commissioners) records of:

- All unregistered vehicles received or manufactured,
- All additions, accessories or options fitted or attached to or supplied with unregistered vehicles disposed of by the trader in the course of their business,
- All registered vehicles which have been converted by them,
- All unregistered vehicles sent out of their premises temporarily for display or exhibitions,
- All unregistered vehicles delivered by the trader to another authorised trader,
- All unregistered vehicles sent outside the State or sold to a person who is not a resident of the State for use outside the State, and
- All unregistered vehicles disposed of in a manner other than those mentioned above.

The keeping of records is both a business and a legal requirement and therefore all records must be stored in such a manner that when required they may be retrieved in an easy and legible format.

Authorised traders <u>may not send out</u> or otherwise make available an unregistered vehicle to any person other than to an authorised trader except where (1) the vehicle has been properly registered, (2) the vehicle registration tax has been paid or properly accounted for, and (3) the correctly assigned registration number has been displayed on the vehicle. In the case of movements between authorised traders, the responsibility is on the authorised trader moving the vehicles to ensure that the other trader is authorised.



10.3.3 Registration of Vehicles

Under no circumstances may a vehicle be released from the premises of an authorised trader for use on the road without first being registered.

New vehicles

All new vehicles must be registered on ROS when sold by the trader. Details of the ROS service may be found at: <u>www.revenue.ie/en/online/ros/index.html</u>.

Used vehicles

Used vehicles brought into the State can only be registered at an NCTS Centre or through ROS having availed of the pre-inspection facility at an NCTS Centre. These vehicles must be registered prior to the trader making the vehicle available to the customer.

In order to avail of the pre-inspection facility provided by the NCTS, an appointment must be made with the NCTS before the vehicle can be presented for its pre-registration examination. Additional details in relation to registration at NCTS centres are available at <u>www.ncts.ie</u> or in Revenue's leaflet <u>Guide to VRT</u>.

Exempt Vehicles

New vehicles that are exempt from VRT can be registered on the ROS Exempt system. Used vehicles can be registered on the ROS pre-inspection system or at an NCT centre.

10.3.4 Registration Marks

Normally, the next number in the sequence for the county of residence of the registered owner will be assigned to the vehicle by Revenue. This number must be displayed on the vehicle in the prescribed format for (1) new and used vehicles registered by an authorised trader before they are released to the customer, or (2) for used vehicles registered by an unauthorised person within three days of being registered. The prescribed format, design and dimension of the registration plate is prescribed by law and must be complied with (please refer to the Revenue Leaflet on the Format of Registration Plates).

10.3.5 Reserved Registration Number

A facility exists for reserving registration marks on payment of a fee of $\notin 1,000.00$. Details of this facility are contained in leaflet VRT5 – "<u>How to Reserve a Registration Number</u>".

10.3.6 ZV Registration Mark

Identification marks consisting of the index mark ZV and a number will, on application, be assigned to vehicles which are shown to the satisfaction of the Revenue Commissioners to have been constructed or to have first entered into service more than 30 years before registration. Unless a "ZV" mark is expressly requested these vehicles will receive "normal" identification marks.

10.3.7 ZZ Plates

ZZ plates are issued subject to qualifying circumstances by the Automobile Association of Ireland (the AA) administering the scheme on behalf of Revenue. An authorised trader should become familiar with the conditions of issue before entering into a transaction, the success of which depends on the issue of ZZ plates. The "Guidelines on the Issue of Temporary Registration (ZZ Plates)" issued by the AA provides details of these conditions.

10.3.8 Use of Unregistered Vehicles

Use of unregistered vehicles by authorised traders is allowed in certain restricted circumstances. These circumstances include:

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- pre-delivery inspection,
- testing in the course of or following repair, modification etc.,
- delivery of a vehicle from one authorised trader to another,
- delivery of a vehicle from one approved premises of an authorised trader to another approved premises of that person,
- delivery of a vehicle to a point of export for exportation.

The following conditions and restrictions apply to the use of unregistered vehicles by authorised traders:

- a) the driver/person in possession or in charge of an unregistered vehicle is obliged to comply with any request from a Revenue official for information, documentation etc. relating to that vehicle;
- b) the times these vehicles may be used legally in a public place is limited from Monday to Saturday inclusive between the hours of 6 am and 10 pm;
- c) the Revenue Commissions will only allow these vehicles to be used outside these hours with prior permission and such permission must be obtained in advance from the local Revenue office; and
- d) the number of unregistered vehicles used by an authorised trader at any given time is restricted.

The authorised trader using the vehicle must be the holder of a Department of the Environment trade licence plate and they must be used on the vehicle in accordance with the terms and conditions relating to the trade licence (please refer to the Department of Environment, Community and Local Government website for details).

10.3.9 Audit of Trader's Records

All authorised traders are subject to audit procedures including inspection of stock and scrutiny of accounts and records. Distributors are obliged to send to the Revenue Commissioners, if requested, particulars of all vehicles that they bring into the State. Distributors and traders are required to give monthly stock statements to Revenue officials indicating details of all vehicles received and disposed of by them. Stock statements must be available to Revenue officials at all times.

10.3.10 Other

Authorised traders must comply with all aspects of VRT regulations and must advise the Commissioners of any change in substance related to their company or their trading including change of company officers or company name, change of trading address, cancellation of VAT registration or dissolution of company.

If in doubt please contact your local Revenue Office.

10.4 Chargeable Value

10.4.1 Definition

The chargeable value for VRT purposes is the open market selling price (OMSP) of the vehicle at the time of registration.

The OMSP (the chargeable value) is defined in Section 133 of the Finance Act, 1992, as amended, and is the price, inclusive of all taxes and duties, which a vehicle may reasonably be expected to fetch on a first arm's length sale in the open market in the State by retail.

10.4.2 New Vehicles

Distributors of **new vehicles** are required to declare to the Revenue Commissioners the OMSP for each vehicle supplied by them. Such declarations must be made to the Central Vehicle Office, Rosslare Harbour using form VRT40. A minimum of twenty-one days notice of changes in declared selling prices is expected. It should be noted that, at the time of registration, the value for tax purposes is the OMSP as currently declared by the distributor, increased by the value of any distributor extras, enhancements or accessories fitted and not included in the list price.

Where a distributor fails to make a declaration in the prescribed format, or where, in the opinion of the Revenue Commissioners, the OMSP declared is higher or lower than the price at which a vehicle of similar characteristics is being offered for sale in the State, the Commissioners may determine the OMSP for that vehicle.

10.4.3 Used Vehicles

In the case of used vehicles, the OMSP is determined by the Revenue Commissioners at the time of registration. In determining the OMSP, Revenue takes into account depreciation and other market factors (i.e. age, mileage and general condition) influencing the OMSP of the used vehicle being valued.

10.5 Payment of VRT

10.5.1 Time of Payment

VRT is payable at the time the vehicle is registered unless the trader has an approved deferred accounting facility.

10.5.2 Method of Payment for ROS registered vehicles (New & Pre-Inspected Vehicles)

There are two methods of payment, FACT (Flexible Accounting of Cash Transactions) or deferred payment.

10.5.3 Methods of Payment at NCTS Centres

- Cash up to $\in 200$,
- Debit Card (up to €2,500 per account per day),
- Bank Draft (payable to Applus Car Testing Service),
- Credit Card (this method of payment incurs a 1.5% administration charge which is imposed by the NCTS centre), and
- Company cheque with TAN numbers only (to a limit of €10,000 for each cheque, payable to Applus Car Testing Service Ltd.).

10.5.4 Methods of Payment at a Revenue Office

An authorised trader may top-up their account to register vehicles on ROS at a Revenue office (please see the Appendix for contacts). The following methods of payment are allowed:

- unguaranteed cheques will be accepted as a top-up deposit under the deferred payment scheme up to a limit of 25% of the trader's guarantee,
- unguaranteed cheques will be accepted as lodgements to non-deferred FACT accounts (payments on account), and
 - Debit Card transaction (subject to funds, no limit applies).

The acceptance of unguaranteed cheques from any authorised trader will be discontinued <u>immediately</u> should any cheques presented be returned unpaid by the bank. In addition, the Commissioners may revoke such person's authorisation and initiate criminal and/or civil proceedings.

10.5.5 Top-up Deposits

Electronic fund transfer is encouraged as the most efficient method to top-up an account. However, where an authorised trader wishes to top-up their account using non-EFT means they should contact their local Revenue office (please see the link to a list of local offices at the Appendix). There is no minimum amount required for this top-up but it must be in whole euros. It should be noted that an unguaranteed cheque may be lodged to top-up to 25% of the value of the guarantee. Top-ups in excess of this amount must be made by bank draft or guaranteed cheque.

10.5.6 Banker's Standing Guarantee for Cheques

Approved traders who wish to guarantee acceptance of cheques for payment of registration tax can have their bank complete a "*Standing Banker's Guarantee for Cheques*" form for a given amount per day/week. Traders availing of this facility may lodge their cheques to a FACT account, and subsequently may present their declarations for registration up to the limit of that amount.

10.5.7 Payment of VAT

In cases where VAT falls to be accounted for at the time of registration, the trader should either provide their VAT number or pay the amount due at the NCTS Centre at the time of registration.



10.6 Offences and Penalties

10.6.1 Offences & Penalties

Under s139 of the Finance Act, 1992, as amended, certain offences are liable to a fine on summary conviction of \notin 5,000, and <u>some</u> of these are listed below.

In respect of a vehicle in the State, some of the offences are:

- to be in possession of a vehicle on which an identification mark (i.e. number plates) is not displayed or is not displayed in the prescribed manner,
- to make a declaration under Section 131, Finance Act, 1992, as amended, which is false or in any material respect misleading or to allow any other person to make such a declaration on their behalf,
- to be in possession of an unregistered vehicle unless s/he is an authorised trader or the vehicle is exempt from registration,
- to fail to pay the registration tax due,
- to deliver or otherwise make available for use, an unregistered vehicle other than to another authorised trader,
- to use an unregistered vehicle in a public place in contravention of the prescribed conditions, and
- to fail to account for a converted vehicle.

10.6.2 Penalties

If any person is knowingly concerned in the evasion of VRT they can be guilty of an offence and be liable:

- on summary conviction, to a penalty under the law relating to excise of €5,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months, or both, or
- on conviction on indictment, to a penalty, under the law relating to excise, of three times the amount of vehicle registration tax concerned or €126,970, whichever is the greater, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years or to both, and
- to forfeiture of the vehicle.

In addition, if the person concerned is an authorised trader, his authorisation (TAN) is liable to be revoked.

10.7 Conversions

Please refer to VRT Manual Section 1 for details of vehicle conversion requirements. These details are also available on the Revenue website: <u>http://www.revenue.ie/en/tax/vrt/vehicle-</u>conversions.html

10.8 Miscellaneous

10.8.1 Permanent Reliefs

Permanent relief from VRT is available, subject to the Commissioners being satisfied that all the relevant criteria have been met, for the following:

• Transfer of Residence

- Transfer of Residence of Vehicles Acquired Tax/Duty Free Abroad
 - Transfer of Business Undertaking
- o <u>Inheritance</u>
- o Donations by Official Bodies, Public Authorities or Groups
- Vehicles Acquired for the Official Use of an EU Institution
- Transfers to the State of EU Officials
- o <u>Diplomatic and Related Relief</u>
- International Air Services
- <u>Vehicles for People with Disabilities Tax Relief Scheme</u>

10.8.2 Appeal Procedures Relating to Vehicle Registration Tax.

Sections 145 and 146, Finance Act, 2001 provide for appeals against VRT related decisions. Details of the scope of the appeal procedures are contained in the Appeals Procedure leaflet or from any <u>Revenue Office</u>.

10.8.3 Repayments of Vehicle Registration Tax

In certain circumstances, vehicle registration tax may be refunded as a result of an overpayment or the incorrect rate of VRT being used. In such instances, if the vehicle was registered by an authorised trader on behalf of a customer, the repayment will be made on condition that the authorised trader refunds the amount of the repayment, minus a fee of not more than 10 per cent, to the first registered owner of the vehicle. This is to ensure that the person who was charged the tax receives the benefit of any repayment.

10.8.4 De-Registration of Vehicles

A vehicle may be de-registered and VRT repaid where the Commissioners are satisfied that deregistration is warranted by exceptional circumstances, and provided that the following 3 conditions are met:

- The exceptional circumstances arise within seven working days of the date of registration;
- The vehicle has not been licensed for use in a public place, i.e. road-tax has not been paid;
- An application for de-registration is received within twenty-one days of the date of registration.

An application must be made in writing to Central Vehicle Office, Rosslare Harbour, Rosslare, Wexford, and should include the following supporting information/documentation:

- a full description of the circumstances giving rise to the application;
- confirmation:
 - that the vehicle has not been licensed for use in a public place,
 - that the vehicle has not, and will not, be the subject of a repayment under any of the VRT repayment schemes,
- whether the VRT was paid/deferred,
- evidence from the owner's insurance company (where the circumstances are such that a claim would be likely, e.g. stolen vehicle, etc.) of:
 - the amount claimed and paid out, if any, or
 - o alternatively, that no claim will be made/accepted,
 - o or if a claim is made that the amount to be paid out will exclude VRT.

Appendix

List of Regional Offices for EFT top–up Deposits

Dublin Region City and County Opening hours: Monday to Friday 09.00 am – 04.30 pm

Office of the Revenue Commissioners Customs and Excise Accounts South City & Dun Laoghaire Rathdown District 1st Floor, 85-93 Lower Mount Street – Dublin 2 Phone: (01) 6474099 e-mail: candeaccounts@revenue.ie

East South East Region

Carlow, Kildare, Kilkenny, Laois, Meath, Tipperary, Waterford, Wexford, Wicklow.
Customers transferring funds to Revenue's Bank of Ireland account please use the contact details below.
Customers transferring funds to Revenue's Allied Irish Bank account please use the Mount Street contacts listed in the Dublin Region above.
Office of the Revenue Commissioners

Accounts Section Government Buildings The Glen Waterford Phone: (051) 862132/862134/862212/862212 Fax: (051) 862252 e-mail: <u>eastsoutheastaccounts@revenue.ie</u> Border Midlands West Region

Cavan, Donegal, Galway, Leitrim, Longford, Louth, Mayo, Monaghan, Offaly, Roscommon, Sligo and Westmeath

Office of the Revenue Commissioners Cash Office Geata na Cathrach Fairgreen - Galway Phone: (091) 547700 - Fax: (091) 547775 e-mail: bordermidlandswestaccounts@revenue.ie

South West Region

Clare, Kerry and Limerick - from 19th September 2014 electronic top ups only Office of the Revenue Commissioners Accounts Section Ground Floor River House Charlottte Quay - Limerick Phone: (061) 402179 Fax : (061) 402182 e-mail: southwestaccounts@revenue.ie

Cork City and County Office of the Revenue Commissioners Cash Office Revenue House Blackpool Cork Phone: (021) 6027483 Fax: (021) 6027108 e-mail: CorkC&EAccountsOffice@rvenue.ie

Please find details of your local Revenue office on the Revenue website, linked below:

Dublin Region East & South East Region South West Region Border, Midlands, West Region